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	TEST REPORT			
	EN 50438: 2013			
Requirements for micro-generating plants to be connected in parallel with				
•	c low-voltage distribution networks			
Report reference No	180807100GZU-003			
Tested by (printed name and signature)::				
Approved by (printed name and signature)::	Tommy Zhong Assistant Technical Manager			
Date of issue:	17 Jan., 2019			
Contents	51 Pages			
Testing Laboratory Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch			
Address:	Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road, Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China			
Testing location:	Same as above			
Address:	Same as above			
Applicant's Name:	Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.			
Address:	401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China			
Test specification				
Standard:	EN 50438: 2013			
Test procedure:	Type approval for Greece			
Non-standard test method::	N/A			
Test Report Form No	EN50438b			
TRF originator:	Intertek			
Master TRF:	dated 2014-01			
Test item description:	Solar Grid-tied Inverter			
Trademark:	SSEAR			
Manufacturer:	Same as applicant			
Factory:	Dongguan SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd			
	1F-6F, Building E, No.1 JinQi Road, Bihu Industrial Park, Wulian Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City			
Model and/or type reference:	SOFAR 20000TL-G2, SOFAR 25000TL-G2,			
	SOFAR 30000TL-G2, SOFAR 33000TL-G2			



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Rating	Model	SOFAR	SOFAR	SOFAR	SOFAR	
		20000TL-G2	25000TL-G2	30000TL-G2	33000TL-G2	
	Max. DC input Voltage	1100Vdc				
	Operatin g MPPT voltage range		230Vdc	– 960Vdc		
	Max. Input current	24A/24A	28A/28A	30A/30A	30A/30A	
	PV lsc	30A*2	35A*2	37.5A*2	37.5A*2	
	Nominal AC output voltage	3/N/PE 230Vac/400Vac				
	Nominal AC output Frequen cy	50Hz				
	Nominal AC output Power	20000W	25000W	30000W	33000W	
	Max.Out put Power	22000VA	27500VA	33000VA	36300VA	
	Power factor	0.8 Leading – 0.8 Lagging				
	Safety level	Class I				
	Ingress Protectio n	IP 65				
	Operatio n Ambient Tempera ture	-25°C - 60°C				
	Software version		V1	.40		



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Test case verdicts	
Test case does not apply to the test object .:	N/A
Test item does meet the requirement:	P(ass)
Test item does not meet the requirement:	F(ail)
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item	07 Aug., 2018
Date(s) of performance of test	07 Aug 2018 to 10 Jan 2019
General remarks	
The test results presented in this report relate of This report shall not be reproduced, except in fu "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional informa "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended	II, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. ation appended to the report.
Throughout this report a point is used as the de	ecimal separator.
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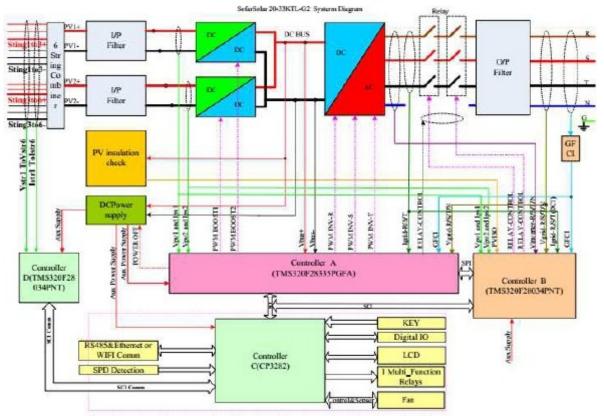


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General product information:

The Solar converter is a three-phase type.

The unit is providing EMC filtering at the output toward mains. The unit does not provide galvanic separation from input to output (transformerless). The output is switched off redundant by the high power switching bridge and two relays. This assures that the opening of the output circuit will also operate in case of one error.



Block diagram

The internal control is redundant built. It consists of Main DSP(UC20) and slave DSP(UC73). The Main DSP(UC20) can control the relays, measures voltage, and frequency, AC current with injected DC, insulation resistance and residual current, In addition it tests the array insulation resistance and the RCMU circuit before each start up.

The slave DSP(UC73) is using for detect residual current, also can open the relays independently and communicate with Main DSP(UC20).

The unit provides two relays in series on Line conductors. When single-fault applied to one relay, alarm an error code in display panel, another redundant relay provides basic insulation maintained between the PV array and the mains. All the relays are tested before start up. Both controllers(Main DSP(UC20), Slave DSP(UC73) can open the relays

#### The product was tested on:

Hardware version: V1.00 Software version: V1.40

#### Model difference:

The models SOFAR 20000TL-G2, SOFAR 25000TL-G2, SOFAR 30000TL-G2 and SOFAR 33000TL-G2 are almost identical in hardware except the shown in the following table and the output power derated by software.



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ltem	SOFAR 20000TL-G2	SOFAR 25000TL-G2	SOFAR 30000TL-G2 /
			SOFAR 33000TL-G2
Number of PV	2+2		3+3
terminal			
Number of BUS	8 capacitors:	550V/110µF	10 capacitors: 550V/110µF
capacitance	2 capacitors:	1100V/40µF	4 capacitors: 1100V/40µF
INV inductance	785µH		735µH
Combiner board	Not the board	Have	e the board
External fan	Not the board	2	3
Relay of output board	6pcs T9V\	/1K15-12S	3pcs AZSR250-2AE-12D

#### Factory information:

Dongguan SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.

1F-6F, Building E, No.1 JinQi Road, Bihu Industrial Park, Wulian Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City.



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Parameter	Time	Setting
	S	
Over-voltage – stage 1 <sup>a</sup>	3	230 V + 10 %
Over-voltage – stage 2	0.5	230 V + 15 %
Under-voltage	0.5	230 V - 20 %
Over-frequency	0.5	51Hz (islands); 50.5Hz (continent)
Under-frequency	0.5	47.5Hz (islands); 49.5Hz (continent)
LoM	5	Refer to VDE 0126

Tolerances on Frequency:  $\pm$ 0.02Hz



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#### Copy of marking plate:

SØFAR	Solar Grid-tied Inverter
Model No.	SOFAR 20000TL-G2
Max.DC input Voltage Operating MPPT voltage range	1100V 230V ~ 960V
Max. Input current	24AJ24A
Max. PV lsc	30A/30A
Nominal Grid Voltage	3/N/PE,400Vac
Max. Output Current	3x32A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50Hz/60Hz
Nominal Output power	20000W
Max. Output power	22000VA
Power factor	>0.99(adjustable+/-0.8)
Ingress protection	IP65
Operating Temperature Range	-25~+60°C
Protective Class	Class I
Manufacturer:Shenzhen SOFARS Address:5/F,Building 4,Antongda Industr Street,Bao'an District,Shenzhen City,Gu	ial park,NO.1 Liuxian Avenue,Xin'an
Cee SAA XXXXX VDE0126-1-1, VDE-AR-N4105, IEC62116, C10/11, RD1699, UTI	

II 🛆 C E 🗛 🔈 🖄 🌋

Model No.	SOFAR 25000TL-G2
Max.DC input Voltage	1100V
Operating MPPT voltage range	230V ~ 960V
Max. Input current	28A/28A
Max. PV lsc	35A/35A
Nominal Grid Voltage	3/N/PE,400Vac
Max. Output Current	3x40A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50Hz/60Hz
Nominal Output power	25000W
Max. Output power	27500VA
Power factor	>0.99(adjustable+/-0.8)
Ingress protection	IP65
Operating Temperature Range	-25~+60°C
Protective Class	Class

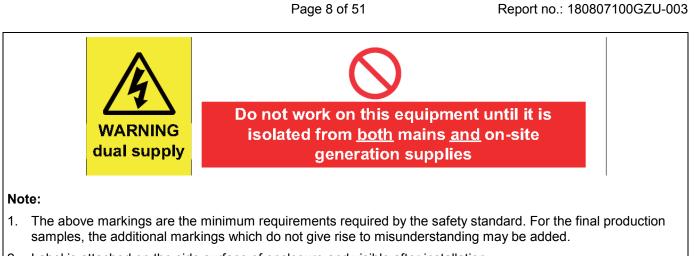
	SOFAR 30000TL-G2
Max.DC input Voltage	1100V
Operating MPPT voltage range	230V ~ 960V
Max. Input current	30A/30A
Max. PV lsc	37.5A/37.5A
Nominal Grid Voltage	3/N/PE,400Vac
Max. Output Current	3x48A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50Hz/60H
Nominal Output power	30000W
Max. Output power	33000VA
Power factor	>0.99(adjustable+/-0.8
Ingress protection	IP65
Operating Temperature Range	-25-+60'0
Protective Class	Class

Model No.	SOFAR 33000TL-G2
Max.DC input Voltage	1100
Operating MPPT voltage range	230V ~ 960V
Max. Input current	30A/30A
Max. PV lsc	37.5A/37.5A
Nominal Grid Voltage	3/N/PE,400Va
Max. Output Current	3x53A
Nominal Grid Frequency	50Hz/60H
Nominal Output power	330000
Max. Output power	36300V/
Power factor	>0.99(adjustable+/-0.8
Ingress protection	IP6
Operating Temperature Range	-25-+60%
Protective Class	Class

Solar Grid-tied Inverter

SSFAR





2. Label is attached on the side surface of enclosure and visible after installation.



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
4	Technical requirements		Р
4.1	Electrical installation		N/A
4.1.1	General		N/A
	Low voltage electrical installations shall comply with national and local regulation. In case of any hardware malfunctioning, disconnection is required.	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
4.1.2	Over-current protection		N/A
	The micro-generating plant shall be protected against over-current according to the HD 60364 series. When selecting the over-current protection within the domestic installation it is necessary to ensure correct selectivity with the DSO' s protection devices.	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
4.1.3	Earthing	Shall be complied with end installation	N/A
	Earthing shall be according to HD 60364-5-551 and the relevant national standards.		N/A
	When a micro-generator is operating in parallel with the distribution network, there shall be no direct connection between the generator winding (or pole of the primary energy source in the case of a DC sourced micro-generator) and the DSO' s earth terminal. For installations where the customer provides his own earth terminal, e.g. when connected to a TT system, it is also advisable to avoid connecting the generator winding to this earth terminal.		N/A
	For a micro-generator which is designed to operate in parallel with a distribution network but which is connected via an inverter (e.g. a PV array or a stationary fuel cell power system) it is permissible to connect one pole of the DC side of the inverter to the distribution network if there is insulation between the AC and the DC sides of the inverter. In such cases, the installer/manufacturer shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure that the micro- generator will not impair the integrity of the distribution network and will not suffer unacceptable damage for all credible operating conditions, including faults on the distribution network.		N/A
4.2	Normal operating range		Р
4.2.1	General		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Generating plants have to be able to operate in the operating range specified below regardless the topology and the settings of the interface protection.		Р
4.2.2	Continuous voltage operation range		Р
	The generating plant shall be capable not to disconnect due to voltage when the voltage at the point of connection stays within the range of 0,85 Un to 1,1 Un.		Р
	The generating plant owner shall take into account the voltage rise and voltage drop within the installation when considering the wider operating range for the generator unit itself.		Р
4.2.3	Continuous frequency operation range		P
	The generating plant shall be capable to operate continuously when the frequency at the point of connection stays within the range of 49 Hz to 51 Hz.		Р
	Linear generators, coupled directly and synchronously to the grid, and powered by free piston stirling engines are permitted to disconnect below 49,5 Hz and above 50,5 Hz.		N/A
4.2.4	Response to under-frequencies		Р
	A generating plant shall be resilient to reductions of frequency at the point of connection while reducing the maximum power as little as possible.		Р
	Table 1 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network.	See appended table	Р
	The admissible active power reduction due to under-frequency below 49,5 Hz is limited by a reduction rate of 10 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as given by the full line in Figure 2.	See appended table	Ρ
	Respecting the legal framework, it is possible that a more stringent power reduction characteristic is required by the DSO in coordination with the TSO. Nevertheless this requirement shall be limited to an admissible active power reduction due to under- frequency below 49,0 Hz with a reduction rate of 2 % of the momentary power PM per 1 Hz frequency drop as indicated by the dotted line in Figure 2.		P
	Acceptance of this reduction is limited to a selection of affected generation technologies and may be subject to further conditions decided by the relevant TSO.		Р
4.2.5	Power response to over-frequency		Р
	A generating plant shall be resilient to over- frequency at the point of connection.		Р



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Cl.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Table 2 shows the minimum time periods a generating plant has to be able to operate without disconnecting from the network.	See appended table	Р
	Unless otherwise required by the DSO, the micro- generating plant shall be capable of activating activepower frequency response at a programmable frequency threshold f <sub>1</sub> at least between and including 50,2 Hz and 52 Hz with a programmable droop in a range of at least 2 % – 12 %. The droop is relative to P <sub>M</sub> , the actual AC output power at the instance when the frequency reaches the threshold f <sub>1</sub> . The resolution of the frequency measurement shall be +/- 10 mHz or less. After the programmable intentional delay, the active power frequency response shall be delivered with an accuracy of ± 10 % P <sub>n</sub> and with a settling time less than 2 s.	The default Threshold f1 setting to 50.2Hz with programmable droop 5%	Ρ
	The generator shall be capable of activating active power frequency response as fast as technically feasible with an initial delay that shall be as short as possible with a maximum of 2 s. If the initial delay is below 2 s an intentional delay shall be programmable to adjust the total response time to a value between the initial response time and 2 s.	Intentional delay is setting to 0s	Ρ
	After activation, the frequency droop function shall use the actual frequency at any time.		Р
	If the initial delay is greater than 2 s it shall be reasonably justified by the manufacturer to the DSO.		N/A
	The settings for the threshold frequency f1, the droop and the intentional delay are provided by the DSO and shall be field adjustable. If no settings are provided, the default settings in Table 3 shall be applied.	It can be filed adjustable accessed by communication port RS 485	Р
	For field adjustable settings means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.	Authority to use	Р
	When applying active power response to over- frequency, the frequency threshold f1 should be set to a value from 50,2 Hz up to 50,5 Hz.	Setting of 50.2Hz	Р
	It shall be taken into account that, in case of islanding, a power reduction would correct any excess of generation leading to a generation- consumption balance. In these circumstances, an islanding situation with stable frequency would take place, in which the correct behaviour of any LoM detection based on frequency as those mentioned in 4.6.2 (Table 4) might be hindered.		Ρ



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	EN50438		-
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	Generators for which it is technically not feasible to reduce power over the full droop range in the required time shall activate active power frequency response as above in the fast controllable range of output power. Once the limit of fast controllable frequency response is reached, this power level is maintained constant. The unit has to shut off at a random frequency between the frequency threshold f1 and fmax; with fmax the disconnection limit for over- frequency as provided by the DSO. If no setting is	The default setting for f <sub>max</sub> is 51.15Hz	P
	<ul> <li>provided, the default setting for fmax is 51,5 Hz.</li> <li>After European Network Codes will come into force, the decision about the ability should be according to the derogation process.</li> </ul>		P
	The overall effect on transmission network level of multiple units with the random frequency disconnection function should emulate the droop curve given by Table 1 resp. the setting in Annex A.		P
	After a frequency excursion, once the frequency drops below the threshold frequency $f_1$ the microgenerating plant is allowed to rise the power above P <sub>M</sub> . The active power generated by a generating plant shall not exceed the specified gradient expressed as a percentage of the active nominal power of the unit per minute. If no gradient is specified by the DSO, the default setting is 10 % P <sub>n</sub> /min. Nonadjustable or partly adjustable generating plant that have been disconnected shall reconnect according to 4.7.2.	the default setting is 10 % P₀/min	P
4.3	Reactive power capability		Р
4.3.1	Inverter based micro-generator		Р
	The micro-generator shall be capable to operate, under normal stationary operating conditions in the voltage tolerance band according to 4.2.2, with the following reactive power exchange (see Figure 3):	Р	
	• following a characteristic curve provided by the DSO (see 4.4) within the active factors $\cos \varphi = 0.90_{under-excited}$ to $0.90_{over-excited}$ when the active power output of the micro- generator is more than or equal to 20 % of its nominal active power;		P
	<ul> <li>not exchanging more reactive power than 10 % of the micro-generator's nominal active power when the active power output is less than 20 % of its nominal active power.</li> </ul>		P
4.3.2	Directly coupled micro-generator with no inverter		N/A



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The power factor of the micro-generator at normal steady-state operating conditions across the statutory tolerance band of nominal voltage shall be above 0,95, provided the output active power of the micro-generator is above 20 % the nominal output power of the unit. Below 20 % nominal output power the micro-generator shall not exchange more reactive power than 10 % of its nominal active output power.		N/A
4.4	Reactive power control modes	See appended table	Р
4.4.1	General		Р
	<ul> <li>Only when a reactive power exchange capability following a characteristic curve is required (see 4.3), the requirements of 4.4.3 shall apply.</li> <li>The control shall be delivered at the terminals of the micro-generator. The micro-generator shall be capable of operating in the following control modes</li> </ul>		P
	within the limits stated in 4.3: Q (U)	Under consideration	P
	Cos φ fix		Р
	Cos φ (P)		Р
	The configuration of the control modes shall be field adjustable. The activation and deactivation of the control modes shall be field adjustable.		Р
	For field adjustable configurations and activation/deactivation of the control mode, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
	The accuracy for controlled reactive power shall be below ± 2 % of nominal power of the microgenerator. The accuracy is always stated in reactive power, even if the used control mode is referring to the active factor.		Р
	The type of contribution to voltage control by reactive power shall be specified by the DSO. If no characteristic curve is specified by the DSO, the micro-generator shall operate with an active factor = 1.		Р
4.4.2	Fix control mode $\cos \phi$		Р
	The fix control mode controls the active factor $\cos \varphi$ of the micro-generator's output according to a setpoint set in the control of the micro-generator.		Р
4.4.3	Voltage related control mode Q(U)		Р
	The voltage related control mode Q(U) controls the reactive power output as a function of the voltage.		Р



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4.6.1.1	Introduction		Р
4.6.1	General		Р
4.6	Interface protection	Integral to the micro-generator	Р
	In order to avoid disconnection due to the over- voltage protection the micro-generating plant is allowed to reduce active power output as a function of this rising voltage. If this function is activated, the micro-generating plant may reduce active power according to a logic chosen by the manufacturer. Nevertheless, this logic shall not result in steps of output power.		Р
4.5	Voltage control by active power		Р
	<ul> <li>A characteristic according to Figure 4 has to be configurable.</li> <li>New set values due to a change of the active power output have to be adjusted within a settling time of 10 s. The rate of change of reactive power should be in the same time range as and synchronized with the rate of change of active power.</li> </ul>		P
	The power related control mode $\cos \varphi$ (P) controls the active factor $\cos \varphi$ of the micro-generator's output as a function of its active power output.		Р
4.4.4	Power related control mode $\cos \varphi$ (P)		P
	Additional to the characteristic the dynamic response of the control should be configurable. The dynamics of the control should correspond with a first order filter having a time constant that is configurable in the range of 3 s to 60 s. The time to reach 95 % of a new set point due to a change in voltage will be 3 times the time constant.		Ρ
	A characteristic curve according to Figure 4 shall be configurable.		Р
	<ul> <li>phase independently the voltage of every phase to determine the reactive power for every phase.</li> </ul>		N/A
	• the average voltage of a three phase system;		Р
	<ul> <li>the positive sequence of the symmetrical components;</li> </ul>		N/A
	For evaluating the voltage one of the following methods shall be used:		Р
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The purpose of the interface protection is to ensure that the connection of a micro-generator will not impair the integrity or degrade the safety of the distribution network. The interface protection shall be insensitive to voltage and frequency variations in the distribution network within the voltage and frequency settings. The interface protection, monitoring and control		P
	functions may be incorporated into the microgenerator control system, or may be fitted as discrete separate mounted devices.		P
	The interface protection settings shall be field adjustable.	Accessed by communication ports	Р
	For field adjustable settings means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
	The protection functions have to evaluate at least all phases where micro-generators, covered by this protection system, are connected to.		Р
	In case of three phase generating units/plants and when the protection system is implemented as a external protection system in a three phase supply system, all phase to phase or all phase to neutral voltages have to be evaluated.		Р
	The frequency has to be evaluated on at least one of the supply voltages.		Р
	If multiple signals (e.g. three phase to phase voltages) are to be evaluated by one protection function, this function has to evaluate all of the signals separately. The output of each evaluation has to be OR connected, so that if one signal passes the threshold of a function, the function has to trip the protection in the specified time.		P
	The minimum required accuracy is:		Р
	<ul> <li>for frequency measurement ± 0,05 Hz;</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>for voltage measurement ± 1 % of Un.</li> </ul>		Р
	The measurement point can be inside the micro- generator or anywhere between the micro- generator terminals and up to the point of connection.		Р
	If the interface protection system is external to the generating unit, it should measure as close as possible to the point of connection. The voltage rise between the point of connection and the measurement input of the interface protection system should be kept as small as possible to avoid nuisance tripping of the overvoltage protection.	Internal of inverter	N/A



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	In order to avoid continuous starting and disengaging operations of the interface protection relay, the disengaging value of frequency and voltage functions shall be above 2 % deviating from the operate value.		N/A
4.6.1.2	Response to protection operation		Р
	The micro-generator shall disconnect from the network in response to an interface protection operation.		Р
4.6.1.3	Place of the interface protection		Р
	The interface protection can either be incorporated within the micro-generator or implemented by separate devices. In either case, the interface protection shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60255-127 and the manufacturer of the micro- generator shall declare that the combined devices fulfil these requirements.	incorporated within the micro- generator	P
4.6.1.4	Changing settings of the interface protection		Р
	The interface protection settings may only be altered from the settings chosen at the time of commissioning or during later reconfiguration, with the written agreement of the DSO and then only in accordance with the manufacturer instructions. It shall not be permissible for the user to alter the interface protection settings.		P
4.6.1.5	Combined protection device for multiple generators		N/A
	It is allowed to use a protection system that provides interface protection for two or more microgenerators up to and including 16 A per phase in aggregate. However, the possibility to use Inform and Fit then depends on the conditions of the type of conformity assessment of the protection system.		N/A
	If two or more micro-generators, each with their own interface device, are placed in parallel, the proper combined working of the protection devices shall be ensured.		N/A
	In the case of adding a generator to the combined protection device, the DSO shall be consulted.		N/A
4.6.2	Interface protection settings		Р
	The interface protection settings are provided by the DSO. If no settings are provided, the default settings in Table 4 should be applied.		Р
4.6.3	Requirements regarding single fault tolerance of interface protection system		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
	The interface protection system consisting of the interface protection relay and the interface switch shall meet the requirements of single fault tolerance.	Single fault condition have been considered	P
	A single fault shall not lead to a loss of the safety functions. Faults of common cause shall be taken into account if the probability for the occurrence of such a fault is significant. Whenever reasonably practical, the individual fault shall be displayed and lead to the disconnection of the power generation unit or system.		P
	Series-connected switches shall each have independently a breaking capacity corresponding to the rated current of the micro-generator and corresponding to the short circuit contribution of the microgenerator.		Р
	The short-time withstand current of the switching devices shall be coordinated with maximum short circuit power at the connection point.		Р
	At least one of the switches shall be a switch- disconnector suitable for over-voltage category 2. For single-phase micro-generators, the switch shall have one contact of this over-voltage category each for both the neutral conductor and the line conductor. For poly-phase supply systems, it is required to have one contact of this over-voltage category each for all active conductors. The second switch may be formed by electronic switching components of an inverter bridge or another circuit provided that the electronic switching components can be switched off by control signals and that it is ensured that a failure is detected and leads to prevention of the operation at the latest at the next reconnection.	Relay is used as disconnector suitable for over-voltage category 2 See CE report for details	P
	For PV-inverters without simple separation between the network and the PV generator (e.g. PV Inverter without transformer) both switches mentioned in the paragraph above shall be switch disconnectors with the requirements described therein, although one switching device is permitted to be located between PV generator and PV inverter.		N/A
4.7	Connection and starting to generate electrical power		Р
4.7.1	General		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
			-
	Connection and starting to generate electrical power is only allowed after voltage and frequency is within the allowed voltage range and the allowed frequency range for at least the specified observation time. It shall be impossible to overrule these conditions. The setting of the conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after tripping of the interface protection.		P
	The frequency range, the voltage range, the observation time and the power gradient shall be field adjustable.		Р
	For field adjustable settings, means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (e.g. password or seal) if required by the DSO.		Р
4.7.2	Automatic reconnection after tripping		Р
	If no settings are specified by the DSO, the default settings for the reconnection after tripping of the interface protection are:		P
	• Frequency range: 47,5 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 50,05 Hz	See appended table	Р
	<ul> <li>Voltage range: 0,85Un ≤ U ≤ 1,10Un</li> </ul>	See appended table	Р
	Minimum observation time: 60 s	180 s	Р
	After reconnection the active power generated by the generating plant shall not exceed a specified gradient expressed as a percentage of the active nominal power of the unit per minute. If no gradient is specified by the DSO, the default setting is 10 % Pn/min. Non-adjustable or partly adjustable generating units may connect after 1 min to 10 min (randomised value) or later.	The default setting is 10 % P₀/min	P
4.7.3	Starting to generate electrical power		Р
	If no settings are specified by the DSO the default settings for connection or starting to generate electrical power due to normal operational start-up or activity are:		Ρ
	• Frequency range: 47,5 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 50,1 Hz	See appended table	Р
	<ul> <li>Voltage range: 0,85Un ≤ U ≤ 1,10Un</li> </ul>	See appended table	Р
	Minimum observation time: 60 s	180 s	Р
	If applicable, the power gradient shall not exceed the maximum gradient specified by the DSO in the connection agreement. Heat driven CHP micro- generators do not need to keep a maximum gradient, since the start up is randomised by the nature of the heat demand.	The default setting is 10 % Pn/min	Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
01.	Requiement - rest	Result	Verdict
	For manual operations performed on site (e.g. for the purpose of initial start-up or maintenance) it is permitted to deviate from the observation time and ramp rate.		N/A
4.7.4	Synchronisation		Р
	Synchronising a micro-generator with the distribution network shall be fully automatic i.e. it shall not be possible to manually close the switch between the two systems to carry out synchronisation.		Р
4.8	Power quality		Р
4.8.1	General		Р
	As any other apparatus or fixed installation, micro- generators have to comply with the requirements on electromagnetic compatibility established in Directive 2004/108/EC.		Р
	They are also expected to be compatible with voltage characteristics at the point of connection to the public network, as described in 4.2.		Р
	As long as specific tests for generators are not available, generic EMC standards, regarding immunity as well as emission, should be applied. The applicable standards, which in turn describe the test in accordance with basic standards (EN 61000- 3, all parts, and EN 61000-4, all parts), are:		P
	<ul> <li>Immunity: EN 61000-6-1 (residential, commercial and light-industrial environments);</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>Emission: EN 61000-6-3 (residential, commercial and light-industrial environments): in this generic emission standard reference is made to e.g. the harmonics and voltage variation basic standards listed in Table 5.</li> </ul>		P
	In addition, the application of the requirements and tests described in IEC/TR 61000-3-15 is recommended, with the exception of those aspects already regulated by specific national rules.		Р
	Generating plants can also disturb mains signaling (ripple control or power line carrier systems). EMC requirements on inter-harmonics and on conducted disturbances in frequency range between 2 kHz and 150 kHz are under development. In countries where such communication systems are used, national requirement may apply.		P
4.8.2	DC injection		Р
4.8.2	The generating unit shall not inject a direct current.	See appended table	Р



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#### EN50438

CI. Requirement - Test Result Verdict			
	Requirement - Test	Result	

5	Operation and safety of the micro-generator		Р
5.1	General		Р
	The micro-generator shall operate safely over the entire designed and declared operating range.		Р
	The settings of (country-specific) field adjustable set-points shall be readable from the microgenerator, for example on a display panel, user interface, or via a communication port.	Via a communication port	Р
5.2	Safety		Р
	This European Standard does not cover the safety of DSO personnel or their contracted parties, as their safety is a combination of electrical conditions and working instructions.		Р
	General requirements for safety of persons at work in or near and operation of electrical installations are given in EN 50110 (all parts), also national regulations can be applicable.		Р
5.3	Information plate		Р
	In absence of product specific standards (e.g. EN 50524) the following information shall appear on the micro-generator nameplate:		Р
	<ul> <li>manufacturer's name or trade mark;</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>type designation or identification number, or any other means of identification making it possible to obtain relevant information from the manufacturer;</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>nominal power;</li> </ul>		Р
	nominal voltage;		Р
	<ul> <li>nominal frequency;</li> </ul>		Р
	• phases;		Р
	<ul> <li>active factor range or, if no active factor is adjustable, the minimal power factor.</li> </ul>		Р
	This information shall be provided on a plate on or in the micro-generator and shall be copied in the user manual as well as other related documentation. In addition, a serial number may be added to the plate only.		Р
	This information could be part of the information plate of the entire micro-generator system.		Р
	All the information shall be given in the language and in accordance with the practice of the country in which the micro-generator is intended to be installed or alternatively in English language.	English language	Р

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CI. Requirement - Test Result Verdict			
	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict

5.4	Labelling		Р
	A warning notice shall be placed in such a position that any person gaining access to live parts will be warned in advance of the need to isolate those live parts from all points of supply.	Shall be noted in the field	Р
	Special attention should be paid that the power supply, measuring circuits (sense lines) and other parts may not be isolated from the network when the switch of the interface protection is open.		Р
	As a minimum, warning labels shall be placed:		Р
	<ul> <li>on the switchboard (DSO panel and consumer unit) that has the micro- generator connected to it;</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>on all switchboards in between the consumer unit and the micro-generator itself;</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>on, or in the micro-generator itself;</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>at all points of isolation for the micro- generator.</li> </ul>		N/A
	All the information shall be given in the language and in accordance with the practice of the country in which the micro-generator is intended to be installed.		Р
5.5	Maintenance and routine testing		Р
	The manufacturer shall provide a time frame for maintenance and routine testing.		Р
	The user is responsible for the proper maintenance and routine testing.		Р
	Maintenance and routine testing shall be carried out by qualified service technicians.		Р
	With respect to service technicians, additional national requirements shall be taken into account.		Р
6	Commissioning		Р
	This European Standard applies to type-tested micro-generators.		Р
	The following conditions shall be met for the installation:		Р
	the micro-generator (including the interface protection) shall fulfil the requirements of this standard and the other applicable standards;		Р
	the manufacturer shall provide an installation instruction in accordance with this standard and national or regional requirements;		Р
	access to the interface protection settings shall be tamper-proof;		Р
	in the absence of product standards the micro- generator shall be type tested against the interface requirements of this standard;		Р



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CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
			I
	the installation shall be carried out by installers with recognised and approved qualification related to the fuels used, general electrical installations and a particular qualification relating to installation of micro-generators;		Р
	the installer shall provide a single line diagram of the electricity generating facility. The single line diagram shall show the circuit breaker, the protections, the inverter, etc.		Р
	The user respective the installer should be aware that in addition to the DSO the energy supplier and/or the metering authority will need to be informed for contractual reasons.		Р
	Unless otherwise stated by national legislation or regulation, prior consent of the DSO is necessary.		Р
Annex A	National settings and requirements		Р
A.1	General		Р
A.2	AT – Austria		N/A
A.3	BE – Belgium		N/A
A.4	CY – Cyprus		N/A
A.5	CZ – Czech Republic		N/A
A.6	DE – Germany		N/A
A.7	DK – Denmark		N/A
A.8	EE – Estonia		N/A
A.9	ES – Spain		N/A
A.10	FI – Finland		N/A
A.11	FR – France		N/A
A.12	GB – United Kingdom		N/A
A.13	IE – Ireland		N/A
A.14	IT – Italy		N/A
A.15	LV – Latvia		N/A
A.16	NL – The Netherlands		N/A
A.17	NO – Norway		N/A
A.18	PL – Poland		N/A
A.19	SI – Slovenia		N/A
A.20	SE – Sweden		N/A
Annex B	Loss of Mains and overall system security		Р



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	EN50438		
CI.	Requirement - Test	Result	Verdict
Annex C	Example notification sheets		
Annex D	Compliance type testing		Р
D.1	General		Р
D.2	Type testing of the interface protection		Р
D.2.1	Introduction		Р
D.2.2	General		Р
D.2.3	Over-/under-voltage		Р
D.2.4	Over- /under-frequency		Р
D.2.5	Loss of Mains (LoM) detection		Р
D.3	Type testing of a micro-generator		Р
D.3.1	Operating range		Р
D.3.2	Active power feed-in at under-frequency		Р
D.3.3	Power response to over-frequency		Р
D.3.4	Reactive power capability		Р
D.3.5	Voltage control by active power		N/A
D.3.6	Connection and starting to generate electrical power		Р
D.3.7	Short-circuit current contribution	Manufacturers declare the short circuit contribution in the installation manual	N/A
D.3.8	Harmonic current emission		Р
D.3.9	Voltage fluctuations and flicker		Р
D.3.10	DC injection		Р
Annex E	Example test results sheet		
Annex F	Commissioning		Р
Annex G	Countries allowing extension of the scope > 16 A		N/A
G.1	General		N/A
G.2	CY – Cyprus		N/A
G.3	FI – Finland		N/A
G.4	IE – Ireland		N/A



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D.2.3 Over-/under-vo	ltage				Р
		Over	Voltage	Under	Voltage
Parameter		Voltage(V)	Disconnection Time(s)	Voltage(V)	Disconnection Time(s)
Protection limit		264.5V	0.5	184V	0.5
Actual sett (as applied to interfac	•	264.5V	0.4	184V	0.4
	All phases	264.20	0.427	182.49	0.438
Trip value (test	Phase R	263.36	0.427	182.31	0.438
result)-1	Phase S	263.58	0.425	182.72	0.437
	Phase T	265.69	0.424	182,44	0.438
Trip value (test result)-2	All phases	263.64	0.433	182.53	0.438
	Phase R	263.75	0.433	182.32	0.438
	Phase S	263.06	0.433	182.77	0.436
	Phase T	265.11	0.432	182.51	0.437
	All phases	262.68	0.435	182.50	0.449
Trip value (test	Phase R	262.76	0.435	182.26	0.449
result)-3	Phase S	263.02	0.433	182.79	0.447
	Phase T	265.25	0.434	182.45	0.449
	All phases	263.70	0.500	182.51	0.442
Trip value (test	Phase R	262.71	0.500	182.33	0.442
result)-4	Phase S	263.03	0.500	182.83	0.441
	Phase T	265.37	0.498	182.37	0.441



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	All phases	263.57	0.471	182	0.438
Trip volue (test	Phase R	262.74	0.471	182	
Trip value (test result)-5	Phase S	263.15	0.470	182	0.437
	Phase T	264.82	0.470	182	0.437
Over-voltage stage 1*		ng to EN50160),th ue takes place with		n after detectio	n of a overvoltage at 10
The calculation of the	10 min value te	ested and compliar	ice		
	Ou	tput Voltage	Switch		itch
		(V)	On/Off sta	ate Finally	On/Off state Finally
100% Un		(V) 230.0	On/Off sta ⊠On	ate Finally □Off	On/Off state Finally Work normally
100% Un 112% Un				-	
		230.0	⊠On	□Off	Work normally
112% Un		230.0 257.6	⊠On ⊡On	□Off ⊠Off	Work normally 532s
112% Un 100% Un		230.0 257.6 230.0	⊠On ⊡On ⊠On	□ Off ⊠Off □ Off	Work normally 532s Work normally

\*The calculation of the 10 min value tested and compliance.

The operate values are within  $\pm$  1% Un

Tolerances on disconnection time are  $\pm\,10\%$ 

The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which CH2 denotes trip signal and CH10,CH12,CH14 denotes output current of EUT, CH9,CH11,CH13 enotes output voltage of EUT



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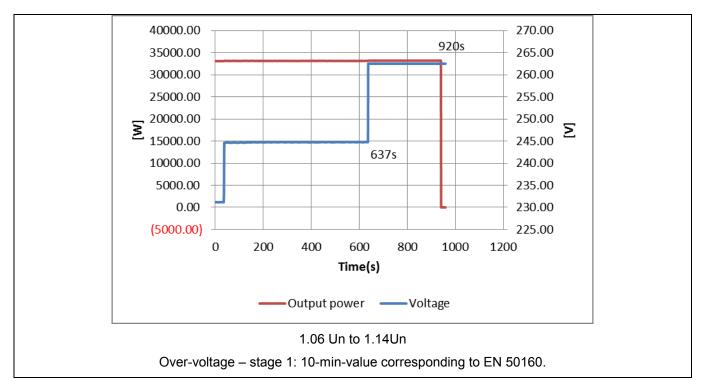




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	Over Fre	quency	Under Fre	equency
Parameter	Frequency	Time	Frequency	Time
Protection limit	51Hz	0.5s	47.5Hz	0.5s
Actual setting applied to interface protection)	51Hz	0.4s	47.5Hz	0.4s
Trip value (test result)-1	51.101Hz	0.441s	47.452 Hz	0.422s
Trip value (test result)-2	51.095Hz	0.419s	47.451 Hz	0.431s
Trip value (test result)-3	51.095Hz	0.442s	47.451 Hz	0.437s
Trip value (test result)-4	51.105Hz	0.448s	47.452 Hz	0.428s
Trip value (test result)-5	51.094Hz	0.418s	47.451 Hz	0.436s
nark:				

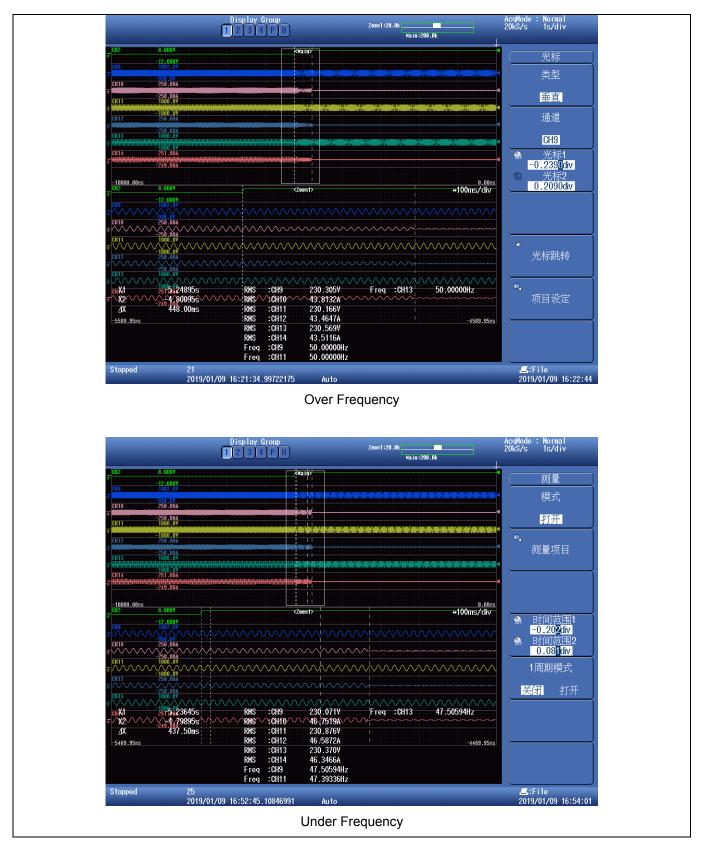
The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which CH2 denotes trip signal and CH10,CH12,CH14 denotes output current of EUT, CH9,CH11,CH13 enotes output voltage of EUT



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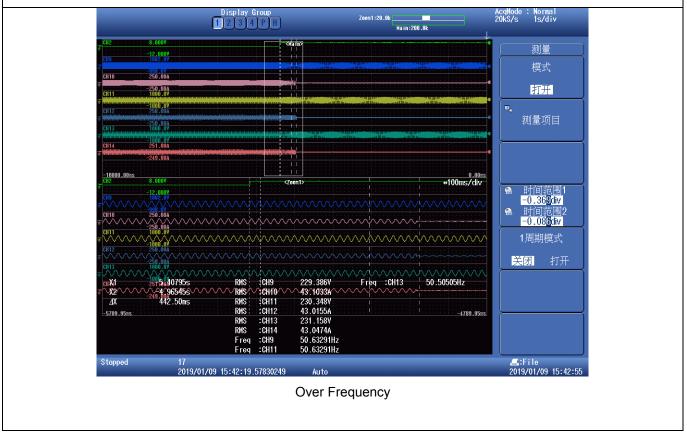
#### D.2.4 Over- /under-frequency(Continent)

	Over Fre	quency	Under Fre	equency
Parameter	Frequency	Time	Frequency	Time
Protection limit	50.5Hz	0.5s	49.5Hz	0.5s
Actual setting (as applied to interface protection)	50.5Hz	0.4s	49.5Hz	0.4s
Trip value (test result)-1	50.603Hz	0.427s	49.401 Hz	0.426s
Trip value (test result)-2	50.605Hz	0.439s	49.402 Hz	0.439s
Trip value (test result)-3	50.604Hz	0.425s	49.402 Hz	0.436s
Trip value (test result)-4	50.604Hz	0.414s	49.403 Hz	0.420s
Trip value (test result)-5	50.601Hz	0.442s	49.401 Hz	0.443s

#### Remark:

the operate values are within  $\pm$  0.02 Hz. tolerances on disconnection time are  $\pm$  10 % .

The measured trip time was captured by oscilloscope, which CH2 denotes trip signal and CH10,CH12,CH14 denotes output current of EUT, CH9,CH11,CH13 enotes output voltage of EUT

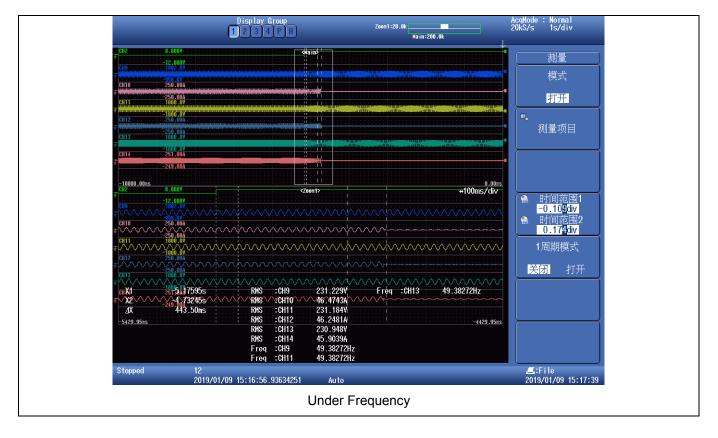




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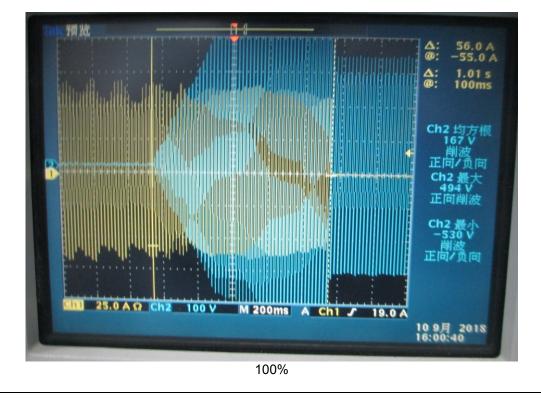


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D.2.5	TABL	.E: Loss of N	lains (LoM) detectio	n (according to V	/DE 0126)	Р
Test conditions	:	U∾=2 RLC Disto	uency: 50+/-0,2Hz 230+/-3Vac consumes inverter re rtion factor of chokes ity Q>2	•	-3%	
$P = 1.0 P_N = ($	(W)	33000W	$P = 0.5 P_N = (W)$	16500W	$P = 0.25 P_N = (W)$	8250W
Q∟ = 67.04K\	√ar	Cut-off time (ms)	Q∟ = 33.52KVar	Cut-off time (ms)	Q∟ = 16.76KVar	Cut-off time (ms)
95%		920.0	95%	976	95%	128
96%		828.0	96%	992	96%	172
97%		980.0	97%	1210	97%	652
98%		920.0	98%	944	98%	920
99%		1010.0	99%	976	99%	960
100%		928.0	100%	1010	100%	1020
101%		964.0	101%	976	101%	896
102%		948.0	102%	912	102%	1030
103%		976.0	103%	568	103%	912
104%		944.0	104%	992	104%	976
105%		960.0	105%	580	105%	964



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## 预览 ∆: @: 33.5 A -32.5 A ∆: @: 1.21 s -848ms Ch2 均方根 161 V Ch2 最大 334 V Ch2 最小 -332 V 25.0 A Ω Ch2 100 V M 400ms A Ch1 J 19.0 A 10 9月 2018 13:31:31 50% 340mV 200mV 1.03 s 56.0ms $\Delta$ @ Ch2 均方根 169 V Ch2 最大 426 V Ch2 最小 -426 V Ch1 1.00 V Ω Ch2 100 V M 400ms A Ch1 J 8.00 V 69月 2018 13:31:10 25%





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D.3.1 Operating rang	ge				Р
Test sequence	Voltage	Frequency	Output power	Primary	power source
Test 1	196.62	47.5	31560.66	32	2701.17
Test 2	254.15	51.50	33012.80	33	3837.20

D.3.2 Active power feed-in	Р			
Test sequence	Frequency	Output power	Prima	ry power source
Test a)	50.0Hz	33419.47 W		33816.79
Test b)	49.5Hz	33421.90 W		33847.81
Test c)	47.5Hz	33407.64 W		33808.90

Test sequence at power level >80%	Output Power	Frequency	Primary Power source	Power gradient
Step a)	33085.50 W	50.00Hz	34000.00 W	
Step b)	32432.91 W	50.25Hz	33300.00 W	
Step c)	26454.80 W	50.70 Hz	27200.00 W	
Step d)	16529.80 W	51.15 Hz	21000.00 W	
Step e)	26455.30 W	50.70 Hz	27200.00 W	
Step f)	32438.80 W	50.25 Hz	33300.00 W	
Step g)	33069.50 W	50.00 Hz	34000.00 W	

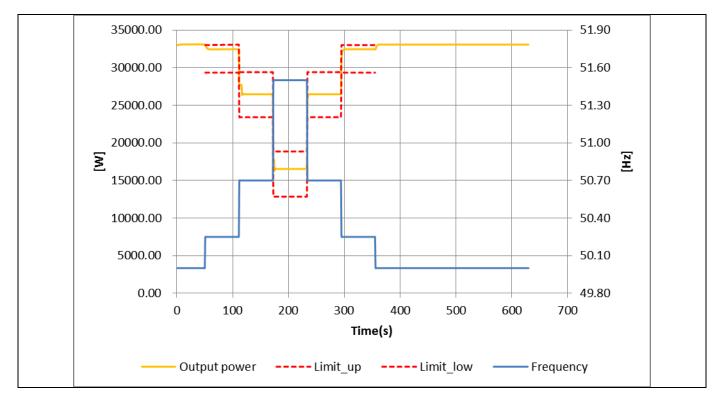
the active power frequency response is delivered with an accuracy of  $\pm$  10%Pn

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	1		T T	
Test sequence at power level 40%- 60%	Output Power	Frequency	Primary Power source	Power gradient
Step a)	16490.70 W	50.00Hz	16907.30 W	
Step b)	16176.10 W	50.25Hz	16506.50 W	
Step c)	13193.20 W	50.70Hz	13467.70 W	
Step d)	10234.10 W	51.15Hz	10461.50 W	
Step e)	13199.90 W	50.70Hz	13511.90 W	
Step f)	16163.50 W	50.25Hz	16515.80 W	
Step g)	33067.80 W	50.00Hz	33924.70 W	2885.5W/1min

Test for frequency threshold 50.2Hz with droop 5%, intentional delay is setting to 0s

The active power frequency response is delivered with an accuracy of 10%Pn

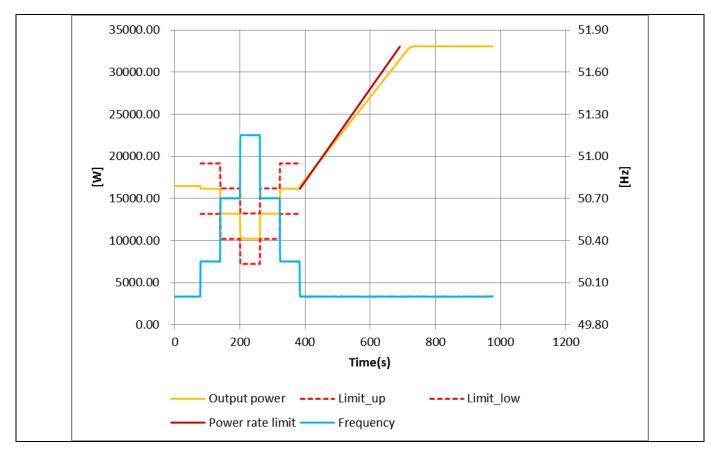
The power grade where rise the power above Pm is less than 10%Pn/min, the default setting is 10%Pn/min



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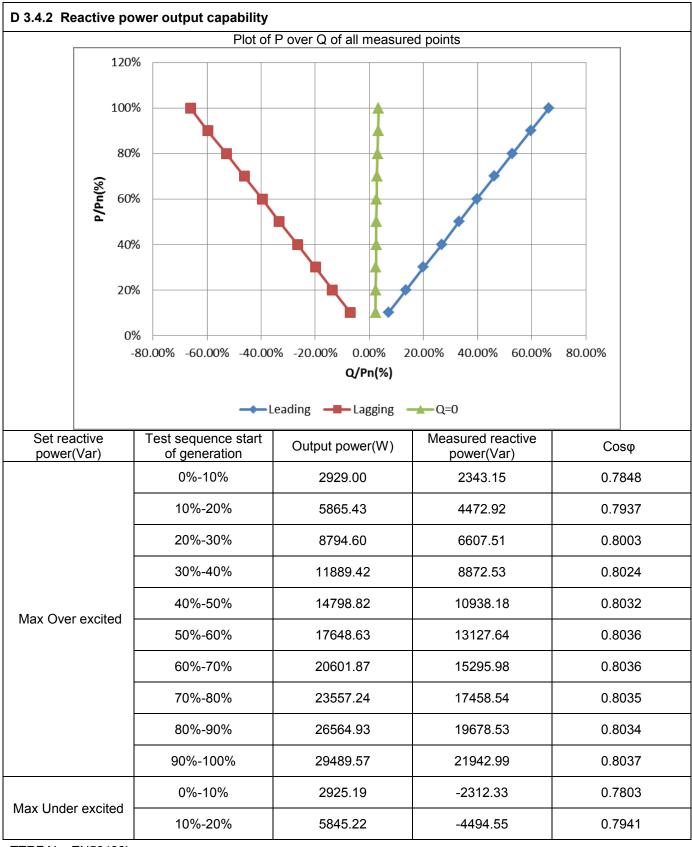
Model: SOFAR 20000TL-G2					
		Power factor			
Limit	+ 0,95 - 0,95 at three voltage levels and four power levels				
	210V	230V	250V		
20% of nominal active power	0.9838	0.9811	0.9784		
50% of nominal active power	0.9971	0.9967	0.9962		
75% of nominal active power	0.9983	0.9979	0.9980		
100% of nominal active power	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996		
Remark:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			



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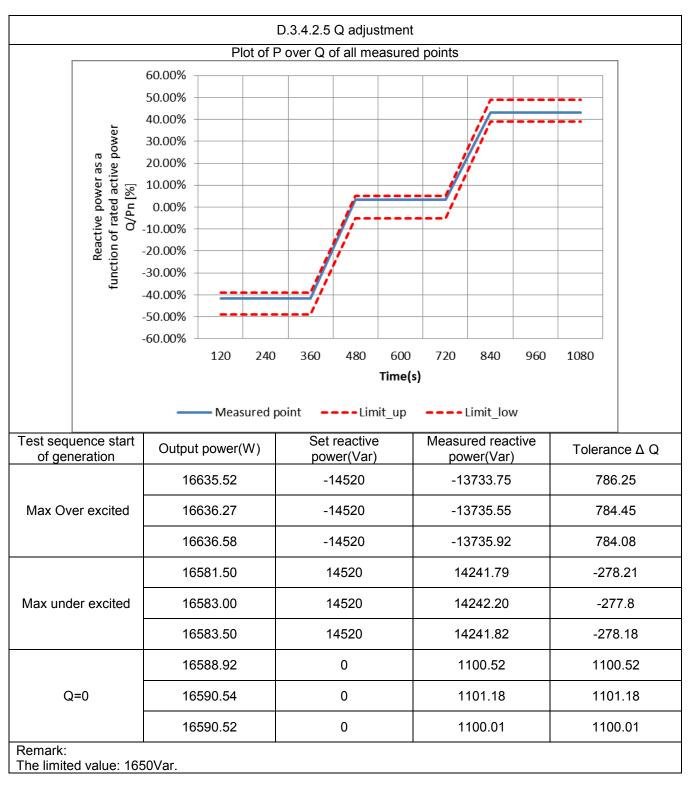
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	20%-30%	8773.69	-6590.24	0.7988
	30%-40%	11851.45	-8745.46	0.8005
	40%-50%	14643.29	-10973.86	0.8012
	50%-60%	17584.40	-13071.86	0.8013
	60%-70%	20527.00	-15257.94	0.8018
	70%-80%	23463.32	-17449.62	0.8022
	80%-90%	26446.41	-19686.76	0.8022
	90%-100%	29427.42	-21830.68	0.8017
	0%-10%	2927.84	770.02	0.9671
	10%-20%	5864.05	782.87	0.9912
	20%-30%	8795.99	805.87	0.9958
	30%-40%	11729.34	835.93	0.9975
Q=0	40%-50%	14666.24	869.12	0.9982
Q=0	50%-60%	17605.94	908.19	0.9987
	60%-70%	20546.90	952.38	0.9989
	70%-80%	23492.12	1005.14	0.9991
	80%-90%	26430.64	1075.79	0.9992
	90%-100%	32904.21	1109.90	0.9994



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3.6.2 Connection	Р					
Test sequence after trip	connection	connection allowed	Primary power source	Power gradient after connection		
Step a)	<47.45Hz	No				
Step b)	≥47.45Hz	Yes	33936.3W	3103.00W/min		
Step c)	>50.10Hz	No				
Step d)	≤50.10Hz	Yes	33972.1W	3256.95W/min		
Step e)	<193.2V	No				
Step f)	≥195.5V	Yes	33052.5W	3252.43W/min		
Step g)	>255.3V	No				
Step h)			Yes 34022.1W			
	≤253V al power supply and rea	Yes		3247.58WV/min		
	al power supply and real al power supply al power supply and real al power supply al			3247.58W/min 48.60 48.40 48.20 48.00 47.80 <u>F</u> 47.60 47.40 47.20		

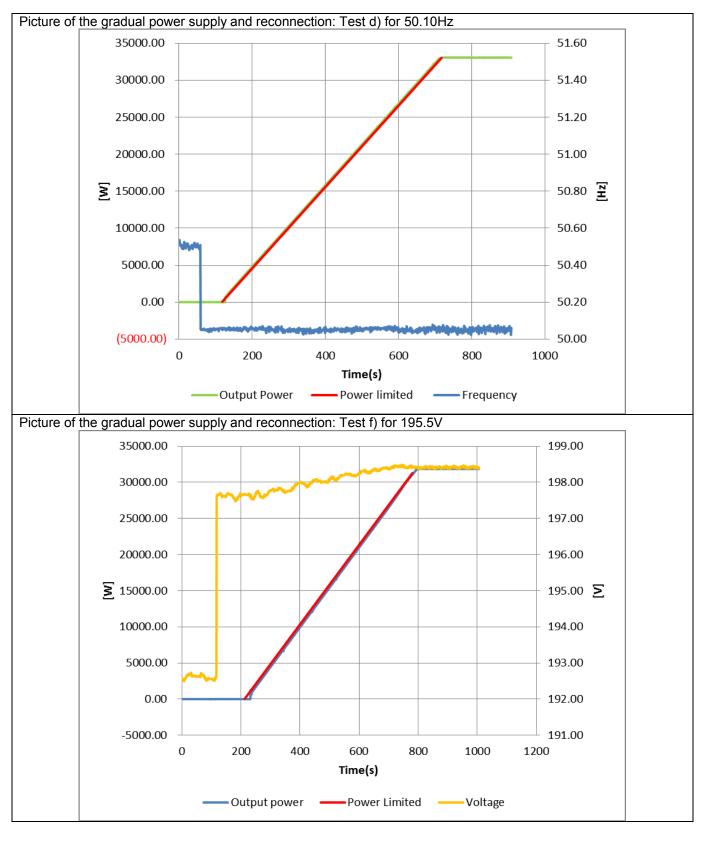
-Outpiut power ---- Power limited ----- Frequency

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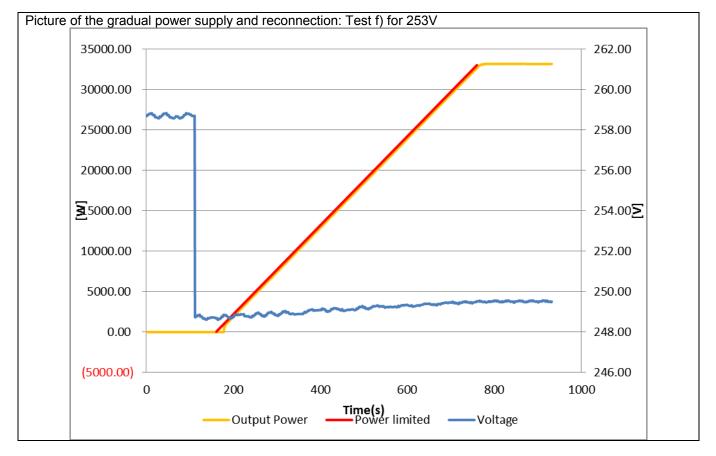
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D.3.6.3 Start of gen	Р			
Test sequence after trip	connection	connection allowed	Primary power source	Power gradient after connection
Step a)	<47.45Hz	No		
Step b)	≥47.45Hz	Yes	33936.3W	3103.00W/min
Step c)	>50.15Hz	No		
Step d)	≤50.15Hz	Yes	33972.1W	3256.95W/min
Step e)	<193.2V	No		
Step f)	≥193.2V	Yes	33052.5W	3252.43W/min
Step g)	>255.3V	No		
Step h)	≤255.3V	Yes	34022.1W	3247.58W/min



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D 3.8 Harmonic current emissions							
	Maxi	mum permis	sible harmo	nic current a	as per EN 61	000-3-2 Clas	s A
SOFAR 20000TL-G2 SOFAR 33000TL-G2							
Hamonics order n							Limit in BS EN 61000-3-2 in Amps
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	•
2	0.0524	0.0208	0.0498	0.1560	0.1291	0.1135	1.080
3	0.0702	0.0688	0.1244	0.0585	0.0600	0.0406	2.300
4	0.0435	0.0307	0.0648	0.0851	0.1137	0.0914	0.430
5	0.2457	0.1881	0.1920	0.0631	0.0758	0.0243	1.140
6	0.0370	0.0239	0.0294	0.0579	0.0373	0.0479	0.300
7	0.2480	0.2254	0.1875	0.1612	0.0917	0.1418	0.770
8	0.0083	0.0212	0.0220	0.0915	0.0567	0.0741	0.230
9	0.0314	0.0402	0.0715	0.0464	0.0281	0.0699	0.400
10	0.0220	0.0191	0.0082	0.0369	0.0191	0.0260	0.184
11	0.0916	0.1320	0.0745	0.0735	0.0663	0.0918	0.330
12	0.0207	0.0204	0.0046	0.0164	0.0164	0.0179	0.153
13	0.0679	0.0801	0.0880	0.0485	0.0302	0.0530	0.210
14	0.0205	0.0132	0.0090	0.0192	0.0160	0.0253	0.131
15	0.0103	0.0125	0.0195	0.0262	0.0226	0.0279	0.150
16	0.0172	0.0110	0.0185	0.0326	0.0191	0.0235	0.115
17	0.0737	0.0589	0.0624	0.0146	0.0262	0.0296	0.132
18	0.0043	0.0068	0.0039	0.0160	0.0146	0.0202	0.102
19	0.0563	0.0569	0.0584	0.0336	0.0310	0.0224	0.118
20	0.0049	0.0019	0.0058	0.0151	0.0159	0.0109	0.092
21	0.0042	0.0037	0.0030	0.0129	0.0119	0.0116	0.107
22	0.0054	0.0023	0.0053	0.0118	0.0122	0.0111	0.084
23	0.0343	0.0358	0.0362	0.0247	0.0274	0.0264	0.098
24	0.0038	0.0044	0.0025	0.0115	0.0118	0.0111	0.077
25	0.0335	0.0358	0.0324	0.0202	0.0172	0.0187	0.090



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26	0.0038	0.0032	0.0027	0.0121	0.0117	0.0117	0.071
27	0.0027	0.0037	0.0059	0.0109	0.0114	0.0109	0.083
28	0.0022	0.0020	0.0031	0.0128	0.0133	0.0136	0.066
29	0.0280	0.0281	0.0280	0.0180	0.0212	0.0178	0.078
30	0.0028	0.0028	0.0016	0.0108	0.0111	0.0110	0.061
31	0.0253	0.0277	0.0286	0.0208	0.0204	0.0188	0.073
32	0.0029	0.0016	0.0033	0.0118	0.0118	0.0120	0.058
33	0.0024	0.0031	0.0027	0.0109	0.0112	0.0118	0.068
34	0.0032	0.0041	0.0020	0.0119	0.0114	0.0116	0.054
35	0.0237	0.0212	0.0211	0.0218	0.0217	0.0214	0.064
36	0.0012	0.0025	0.0018	0.0159	0.0186	0.0339	0.051
37	0.0198	0.0224	0.0233	0.0156	0.0162	0.0145	0.061
38	0.0041	0.0029	0.0015	0.0113	0.0118	0.0112	0.048
39	0.0011	0.0037	0.0046	0.0110	0.0117	0.0111	0.058
40	0.0044	0.0068	0.0066	0.0127	0.0129	0.0118	0.046



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00TL-G2					
Maxi	mum permissi	ible flicker	and voltage f	luctuation as per E	EN 61000-3-3
P <sub>st</sub>	P <sub>lt</sub> d(t) – 500ms		- 500ms	dc	dmax
1.0	0.65	3	3.3%	3.3%	4%
0.14	0.14		0	0.03	0.20
No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	dc[%] di 0.02 0.01 0.03 0.02 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.02	max[%] 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.18 0.19 0.12 0.20 0.18 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20	d(t)[ms] 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	Pst 0.13 0.13 0.14 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.16 0.14 0.16 0.16 0.16 0.14 0.14 Plt 0.14	
00TL-G2					
Maxi	mum permissi	ible flicker	and voltage f	luctuation as per E	EN 61000-3-3
P <sub>st</sub>	Plt	d(t) -	- 500ms	dc	dmax
1.0	0.65	3	3.3%	3.3%	4%
0.11	0.11		0	0.06	0.11
I	Test: S	OFAR 20	000TL-G2	I	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	0.06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.10 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11	
	P <sub>st</sub> 1.0 0.14 No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 DOTL-G2 Maxi P <sub>st</sub> 1.0 0.11 No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 0 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 0 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 0 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 0 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 0 11 12 0 10 11 12 0 11 12 0 11 12 0 11 12 11 12 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 0 11 12 10 10 11 12 10 10 11 12 10 10 11 12 10 10 11 11 12 10 10 11 11 12 10 10 11 11 12 10 10 11 11 12 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 10 10 11 11 12 10 10 11 11 12 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$P_{st}$ $P_{lt}$ $d(t)$ 1.0         0.65         3           0.14         0.14         Test: SOFAR 3300           No. dc[%] dmax[%]           1         0.02         0.17           2         0.01         0.18           3         0.01         0.19           4         0.03         0.18           5         0.02         0.19           6         0.00         0.12           7         0.01         0.20           8         0.02         0.18           9         0.02         0.20           10         0.03         0.20           11         0.02         0.20           12         0.02         0.18           Test: SOFAR 20           No.           Test: SOFAR 20           No.         dc[%]         dmax[%]           1         0.06         0.11           2         0.00         0.00           3         0.00         0.00           3         0.00         0.00           3         0.00         0.00           3         0	$P_{st}$ $P_{lt}$ $d(t) - 500ms$ 1.0         0.65         3.3%           0.14         0.14         0           Test: SOFAR 33000TL-G2           No.         dc[%]         dmax[%]         d(t)[ms]           1         0.02         0.17         0.00           2         0.01         0.18         0.00           3         0.01         0.19         0.00           4         0.03         0.18         0.00           5         0.02         0.19         0.00           6         0.00         0.12         0.00           7         0.01         0.20         0.00           8         0.02         0.18         0.00           9         0.02         0.20         0.00           10         0.03         0.20         0.00           11         0.02         0.18         0.00           12         0.02         0.18         0.00           10         0.65         3.3%         0.11           0.11         0.11         0         0           Test: SOFAR 20000TL-G2            dc[%] dm	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$



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Appendix A: Tables

#### D.3.10 DC injection **Power level** 20% 50% 75% 100% R 0.0341 0.1015 0.1181 0.0753 DC S 0.0280 0.0300 0.0270 0.1001 current(A) Т 0.0052 0.0076 0.0511 0.0807 R 0.0710 0.2115 0.2460 0.1569 % of nominal S 0.0583 0.0625 0.0563 0.2085 current т 0.0158 0.1065 0.1681 0.0108



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Enclosure front view: SOFAR 20000TL-G2



Enclosure rear view: SOFAR 20000TL-G2

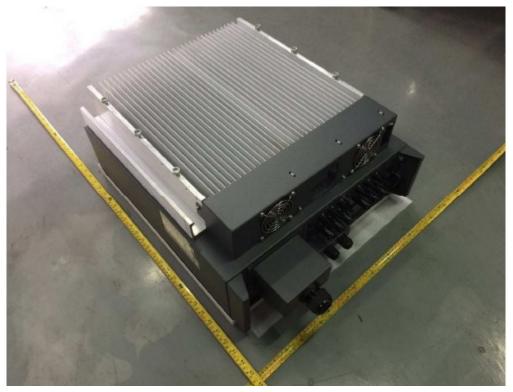


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Enclosure front view: SOFAR 25000TL-G2



Enclosure rear view: SOFAR 25000TL-G2

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Enclosure front view: SOFAR 30000TL-G2, SOFAR 33000TL-G2



Enclosure rear view: SOFAR 30000TL-G2, SOFAR 33000TL-G2



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# Appendix B: Photos



Internal view: SOFAR 20000TL-G2



Internal view: SOFAR 25000TL-G2



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Internal view: SOFAR 30000TL-G2, SOFAR 33000TL-G2

(End of Report)